Extension of the BLT Equation to Incorporate Electromagnetic Field Propagation

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Report Documentation Page

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- Introduction
- Review of the Derivation of the BLT Equation
- Extension of the BLT Equation
- Summary



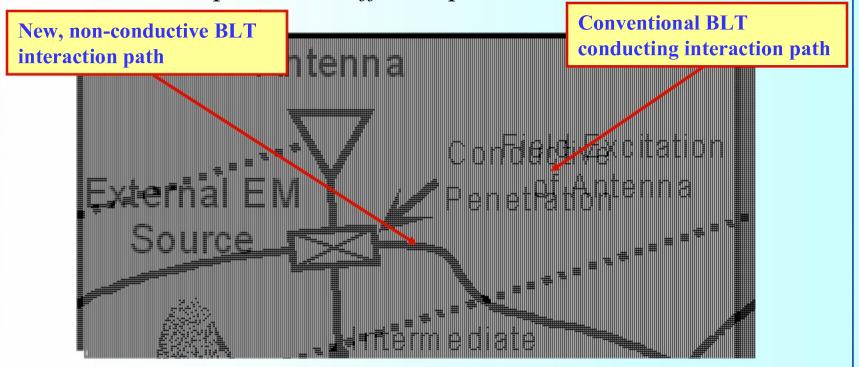
Overview

- The BLT equation for analyzing transmission line networks permits a system-level analysis of the EM effects on large systems
 - This is the basis of the CRIPTE code, and its predecessor,
 QV7TA
- In this MURI effort, we wish to extend the formulation of the BLT equation to take into account the following:
 - -EM field propagation and coupling to the network
 - -EM penetration through apertures
 - -EM scattering from nearby bodies (including cavities)



Illustration of BLT Equation Extension

- We wish to include <u>non-conducting paths</u> in the interaction sequence diagram
 - -To model *aperture* or *diffusive* penetrations





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The BLT Equation for a Single Line Network

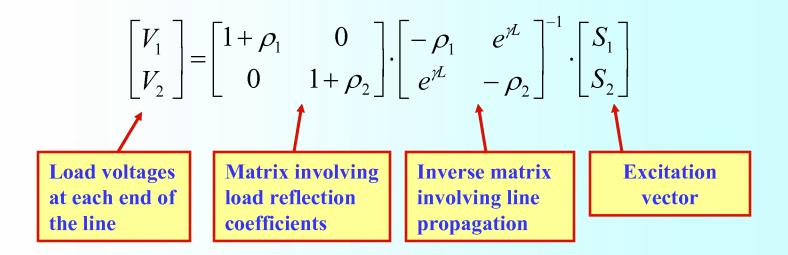
Consider a single transmission line "network"

The BLT Equation provides the voltage or current responses at the ends (junctions) of the line Transmission Z_c , γ V(x)Line This is done by Node #2 And including the excitation of forward and incident and re backward traveling wave components on the line by the excitation sources. Forward traveling wave -**√** V⁺(x) Linear Graph **←**~~ ∨¯(x) Backward traveling wave Node #1 Excitation Node #2



The BLT Equation for the Load Voltages

• The BLT equation for the *load voltage responses* is written in a simple matrix form as



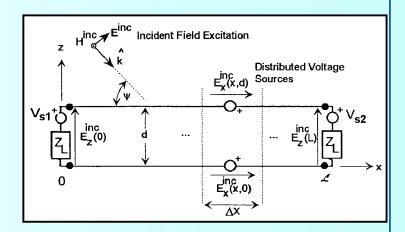
-where the excitation vector for the *lumped* sources is given as

$$\begin{bmatrix} S_1 \\ S_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} (V_s + Z_c I_s) e^{\gamma x_s} \\ -\frac{1}{2} (V_s - Z_c I_s) e^{\gamma (L - x_s)} \end{bmatrix}$$



The BLT Equation for Incident Field **Excitation**

- The BLT equation for a lumped voltage source can be viewed as a Green's function
 - -The response is found by integrating over the line to incorporate the tangential E-field excitation of the line.



• The same functional form of the BLT equation is valid for *incident field* (plane-wave) excitation:

$$\begin{bmatrix} V_1 \\ V_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 + \rho_1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 + \rho_2 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} -\rho_1 & e^{\gamma L} \\ e^{\gamma L} & -\rho_2 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} S_1 \\ S_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Only a change in the source vector is necessary:

$$\begin{bmatrix} S_1 \\ S_2 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{E^{inc}d}{2} \begin{bmatrix} \left(e^{jkL(1-\cos\psi)} - 1 \right) \\ e^{jkL} \left(e^{-jkL(1+\cos\psi)} - 1 \right) \end{bmatrix} \equiv E^{inc} \begin{bmatrix} F_1(\psi) \\ F_2(\psi) \end{bmatrix}$$
 coupling functions F_1 and F_2

Note the field

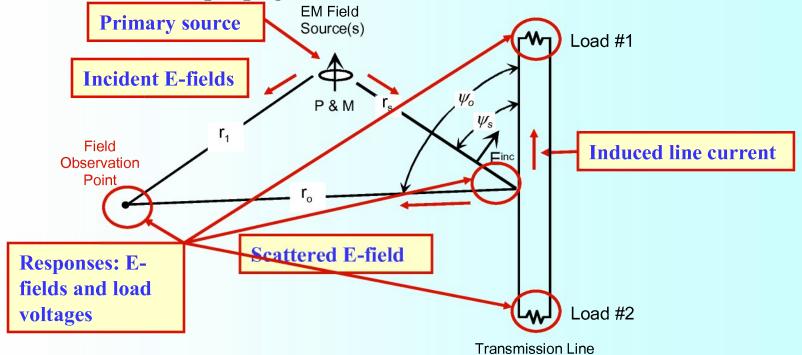


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Extension of the BLT Equation to Include EM Field Propagation

- Consider the following simple problem
 - Involving transmission line responses (the "conventional"
 BLT problem)
 - -And EM field propagation from the source to the line





Extension of the BLT Equation (con't.)

• We define a signal flow graph including both the "Regular" nodes where the transmiss ing paths incident and reflected waves are bn coefficient. **Incident and reflected** Node 2 voltage waves at the coupling transmission line ends Transmission line "tube" Node 4 Source Node 3 Tube 2 Tube 1 Incident and reflected Efields at the ends of the EM field propagation path Node 1

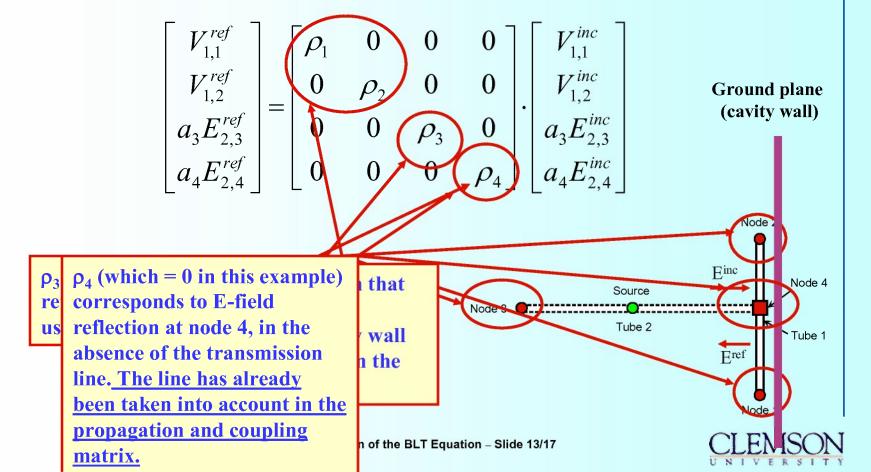


The Extended BLT Propagation Equation

• As in the case of the transmission line BLT equation, we **Transmission line** can define a p onship betweer Field coupling terms propagation subbetween the incident Emalized E-field and reflected matrix field on the line and the tubes: Extended BLT Equal field traveling voltage waves ropagation submatrix BLT propagation equation for a single transmission line $e^{\gamma L}$ Note that the E-fields are normalized by suitable 4-vector of lengths a3 and a4, which are ith the source incident voltage that both the coupling ar typical dimensions of the functions waves on the ation terms contain the sa nodes tubes runctions F₁ and F₂ --- a conse of reciprocity

The Extended BLT Reflection Coefficient Matrix

• Similarly, we define an *extended* reflection coefficient matrix, which is similar to the 2x2 matrix for the simple transmission line:



The Extended Voltage BLT Equation

• The BLT reflection and propagation matrix equations can be combined just like the single transmission line case to yield the *extended* BLT equation for the load voltages and normalized E-fields:

$$\begin{bmatrix} V_{1,1} \\ V_{1,2} \\ a_3 E_{2,3} \\ a_4 E_{2,4} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 + \rho_1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \mathbf{BLT}_{\mathcal{O}_2} \text{ voltage equation for a sing e transmission lines} & \mathbf{T} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 + \rho_3 & 0 & \mathbf{voltage equation} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} V_1 \\ V_2 \\ V_1 \\ V_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 + \rho_1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 + \rho_2 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} -\rho_1 & e^{\gamma L} \\ e^{\gamma L} & -\frac{1}{q_2} F_1(\psi) \\ e^{\gamma L} & -\frac{1}{q_2} F_2(\psi) \\ 0 & 0 & -\rho_2 & 0 & -\frac{1}{a_4} F_2(\psi) \\ 0 & 0 & -\rho_3 & \frac{r_o}{a_3} e^{jkr_o} \\ -\frac{jk}{2\pi a_4} \frac{Z_o}{Z_c} F_1(\psi_o) & -\frac{jk}{2\pi a_4} \frac{Z_o}{Z_c} F_2(\psi_o) & \frac{r_o}{a_4} e^{jkr_o} & -\rho_4 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} S_1 \\ S_2 \\ S_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ S_1(\psi_s) \frac{r_o e^{jk(r_o - r_s)}}{r_s} \\ S_2(\psi_1) \frac{r_o e^{jk(r_o - r_s)}}{r_1} \end{bmatrix}$$

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Summary

- A modified BLT equation, taking into account EM field propagation paths in addition to the usual transmission line propagation mechanisms, has been developed.
 - -This required modifying the BLT propagation matrix to include the field coupling to the transmission line and the EM scattering from the line.
 - These features have been illustrated with a very simple example.
- The next step in this development will be to include the more general case of EM shields with apertures, and multiple field paths, as shown in the next slide



Work Currently Underway ...

